

CHLAMYDIA TRACHOMATIS AND NEISSERIA GONORRHOEAE, NUCLEIC ACID, URINE U-CtGcNhO (4816)

Suspected chlamydia trachomatis infection and gonorrhoeae exclusion diagnostics. Screening of asymptomatic carriers.

Sampling equipment

- → Aptima Urine Specimen sampling tube
- → Disposable pipette
- → Disposable sampling container
- → Name tags for the tubes
- → Plastic bag (for example, Minigrip®)



Sampling

The urine sample is taken when at least 2 hours have passed since the previous urination. The genitals are not washed. The urine is collected into the sampling container starting from the first drop until the urine level reaches the line drawn on the container by the laboratory (20–30 ml). Excessive urine will reduce the sensitivity of the examination. The remaining urine is discharged into the toilet bowl.

Transferring the urine sample into the sampling tube

The Aptima Urine Specimen sampling tube contains liquid, which must not be discarded. Transfer approximately 2 ml of urine into the sampling tube using the pipette, so the level of the liquid in the tube is between the two black markers on the side of the tube (= 'window'). Close the sampling tube cap tightly.

Attach a name tag you received from the laboratory or filled in yourself onto the sampling containers. The tag must display your name, social security number and day of sampling. Do not cover the 'window' on the tube with the name tag. After sampling, seal the sampling tube carefully in the plastic bag.

Storage and transport

The sample is delivered to the laboratory on the day of the sampling or on the next working day at the latest. The sample must be stored at room temperature (2–30°C).



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